

# Vlastní čísla a vektory

$$A \cdot \bar{e} = \lambda \cdot \bar{e}, \quad \bar{e} \neq \bar{0}$$

$$1. \det(A - \lambda I) \stackrel{!}{=} 0$$

$$\Downarrow \\ P_n(\lambda)$$

$$\rightsquigarrow \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_n$$

$$2. (A - \lambda_i I) \cdot \bar{e}_i = \bar{0}$$

Pr. Zjistěte, zda  $\bar{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\bar{v} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$

jsou v. vektory

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 6 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A \cdot \bar{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \neq \lambda \cdot \bar{u} \Rightarrow \underline{\bar{u} \text{ není v.v.}}$$

$$A \cdot \bar{v} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \stackrel{?}{=} \lambda \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \underline{\bar{v} \text{ je v.v.}}$$

Pr. Vypočítejte vl. č. a v.v.  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$

$$1. |A - \lambda I| = \begin{vmatrix} 3-\lambda & 1 \\ 1 & -2-\lambda \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (3-\lambda) \cdot (-2-\lambda) - 1 \cdot 1$$

$$= \boxed{\lambda^2 - 1\lambda - 7 = 0}$$

$$a=1 \quad b=-1 \quad c=-7$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{+1 \pm \sqrt{1+28}}{2}$$

$$\underline{\lambda_1 = \frac{1+\sqrt{29}}{2}}, \quad \underline{\lambda_2 = \frac{1-\sqrt{29}}{2}}$$

$$2) \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 3-\lambda_1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -2-\lambda_1 & 0 \end{array} \right) = \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 3-\frac{1+\sqrt{29}}{2} & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -2-\frac{1+\sqrt{29}}{2} & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

LZSedg

$$A \cdot \bar{e}_1 = \lambda_1 \bar{e}_1$$

$$\bar{e}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 3 - \frac{1+\sqrt{29}}{2} \end{pmatrix} \cdot t, t \neq 0$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 3 - \frac{1-\sqrt{29}}{2} & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 - \frac{1-\sqrt{29}}{2} & 0 \end{array} \right) \Rightarrow \bar{e}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 3 - \frac{1-\sqrt{29}}{2} \end{pmatrix} \cdot s, s \neq 0$$

Pr.

Lokalizirane vlastne vrednosti  
(pomocu' Gersgoninog vi'etja)

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} \boxed{1} & 0 & 1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & \boxed{3} & 0 & -1 \\ 1/2 & 0 & \boxed{2} & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & \boxed{3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow K_1: \text{str.} = 1, \text{pol.} = 1/2 \\ \rightarrow K_2: \text{str.} = 3, \text{pol.} = 1 \\ \rightarrow K_3: \text{str.} = 2, \text{pol.} = 3/2 \\ \rightarrow K_4: \text{str.} = 3, \text{pol.} = 2 \end{array}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\sigma(A) = K_1 \cup K_2 \cup K_3 \cup K_4}}$$

Im



