

$[\sin(3x^2+5)]^{\cos(x \cdot \sin x)}$ = $f(x)$, $f'(x) = ?$

Směleť $f(u)$: $(f(x) + g(x))' = f'(x) + g'(x)$

1) $f(x) = x^5 + \cos(x)$
 $f'(x) = 5x^4 + (-\sin(x))$

2) $f(x) = 3 \ln(x) + 3e^x$
 $f'(x) = \frac{3}{x} + 3e^x$

Směleť a podíl $f(u)$: $(f(x) \cdot g(x))' = f'g + fg'$
 $\left(\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}\right)' = \frac{f'(x)g(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{g(x)^2}$

1) $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x-1}$, $f'(x) = \frac{1 \cdot (x-1) - (x+1) \cdot 1}{(x-1)^2}$

2) $(\sin(x) \cos(x))' = \sin'(x)\cos(x) + \sin(x)\cos'(x)$
 $= \cos^2(x) - \sin^2(x)$

3) $(x^5 \cdot 3e^x)' = 5x^4 \cdot 3e^x + x^5 \cdot 3e^x$

4) $\left(\frac{3^x \cdot \sin(x) \cdot x^2}{g(x)}\right)' =$
 $= 3^x \cdot \ln(3) \cdot \sin(x) \cdot x^2 + 3^x \cdot (\sin(x) \cdot x^2)'$

$(e^x)' = e^x$
 $(a^x)' = a^x \cdot \ln(a)$
 $(3^x)' = 3^x \cdot \ln(3)$

$(\sin(x) \cdot x^2)' = \cos(x) x^2 + 2 \sin(x) x$

$\Rightarrow 3^x \ln(3) \cdot \sin(x) \cdot x^2 + 3^x (\cos(x) x^2 + 2x \sin(x))$

Směleť $f(g(x))$: $(f(g(x)))' = f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x)$

$f(x) = 2x$
 $f'(x) = 2x^0 \cdot 1$

1) $f(x) = \sin(2x^2+1)$
 $f'(x) = \cos(2x^2+1) \cdot (2x^2+1)' =$
 $= \cos(2x^2+1) \cdot 4x$

2) $f(x) = (3x^2+8)^2$
 $f'(x) = 2(3x^2+8) \cdot (3x^2+8)' = 2(3x^2+8) \cdot 6x$

3) $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{\sin(x)}$
 $f'(x) = \frac{\cos(x)}{3 \sqrt[3]{\sin(x)}} \cdot 3$
 $f'(x) = \frac{1}{3} \sin^{-\frac{2}{3}}(x) \cdot \cos(x)$

$\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)' = \frac{1}{3} \cdot x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$

4) $(\ln^3(\ln^2(x)))' =$

$$4) f(x) = \ln^3(\ln^2(x))$$

$$f'(x) = 3 \ln^2(\ln^2(x)) \cdot (\ln(\ln^2(x)))'$$

$$(x^3)' = 3x^2 \cdot x'$$

$$(\ln(\ln^2(x)))' = \frac{1}{\ln^2(x)} \cdot (\ln^2(x))'$$

$$(\ln(x))' = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$(\ln^2(x))' = 2 \ln(x) \cdot (\ln(x))' = 2 \frac{\ln(x)}{x}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{3 \ln^2(\ln^2(x)) \cdot \ln(x) \cdot 2}{\ln^2(x) \cdot x}$$

$$f(x) = \ln(\cos(x^2 + 3x))$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{\cos(x^2 + 3x)} \cdot (-\sin(x^2 + 3x) \cdot (2x + 3))$$

Moerem' fei: $(f(x)^{g(x)})' = (e^{\ln(f(x)^{g(x)})})'$

$$h(x), h^{-1}(x)$$

$$h(h^{-1}(x)) = x \quad e^{\ln(x)} = x \quad \ln(x^a) = a \cdot \ln(x)$$

$$\left(e^{g(x) \cdot \ln(f(x))} \right)'$$

$$1) f(x) = x^{3x^2+1}$$

$$f'(x) = \left(e^{(3x^2+1) \ln(x)} \right)' = e^{(3x^2+1) \ln(x)} \cdot [(3x^2+1) \cdot \ln(x)]'$$

$$((3x^2+1) \cdot \ln(x))' = 6x \ln(x) + \frac{3x^2+1}{x}$$

$$f'(x) = x^{3x^2+1} \cdot \left(6x \ln(x) + \frac{3x^2+1}{x} \right)$$

$$2) f(x) = x^{\ln x}$$

$$f'(x) = x^{\ln x} \cdot (\ln^2(x))' = x^{\ln x} \cdot 2 \frac{\ln(x)}{x}$$

$$3) f(x) = \sin(x)^{\cos(x)}$$

$$f'(x) = \sin(x)^{\cos(x)} \left[\cos(x) \ln(\sin(x)) \right]' = \sin(x)^{\cos(x)} \cdot \left[-\sin(x) \ln(\sin(x)) + \frac{\cos^2(x)}{\sin(x)} \right]$$

$$4) \left(x^{\frac{1}{x}} \right)' = x^{\frac{1}{x}} \cdot \left(\frac{\ln(x)}{x} \right)' = x^{\frac{1}{x}} \cdot \left(\frac{1 - \ln(x)}{x^2} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{\ln(x)}{x} \right)' = \frac{\frac{1}{x} \cdot x - \ln(x) \cdot 1}{x^2}$$